

Look UP

$$r_{\text{Earth}} = 6.37 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$G = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ N kg}^2 \text{ m}^{-2}$$

$$m_{\text{Earth}} = 5.98 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{\text{Moon}} = 7.35 \cdot 10^{22} \text{ kg}$$

Key

Worksheet 5.3

1) Two students are sitting 1.50 m apart. One student has a mass of 70.0 kg and the other has a mass of 52.0 kg. What is the gravitational force between them?

$$F_g = \frac{52 \cdot 70 \cdot 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11}}{1.5^2} = 1.08 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ N}$$

2) What gravitational force does the moon produce on the Earth if their centers are $3.84 \cdot 10^8 \text{ m}$ apart?

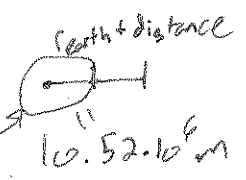
$$F_g = \frac{5.98 \cdot 10^{24} \cdot 7.35 \cdot 10^{22}}{(3.84 \cdot 10^8)^2} = 1.99 \cdot 10^{20} \text{ N}$$

3) If the gravitational force between two objects of equal mass is $2.30 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ N}$ when the objects are 10.0 m apart what is the mass of each object?

$$2.3 \cdot 10^{-8} = \frac{6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot m^2}{10^2} \rightarrow m = 186 \text{ kg}$$

4) Calculate the gravitational force on a $6.50 \cdot 10^2 \text{ kg}$ spacecraft that is $4.15 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}$ above the surface of the Earth.

$$F_g = \frac{6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 5.98 \cdot 10^{24} \cdot 6.5 \cdot 10^2}{(10.52 \cdot 10^6)^2} = 2.34 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$$



5) The gravitational force between two objects that are $2.1 \cdot 10^{-1} \text{ m}$ apart is $3.2 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ N}$. If the mass of one object is 55 kg, what is the mass of the other object?

$$3.2 \cdot 10^{-6} = \frac{6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 55 \cdot m_2}{(0.21)^2} \rightarrow m_2 = 38 \text{ kg}$$

6) If two objects, each with a mass of 200 kg, produce a gravitational force of $3.7 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ N}$, what is the distance between them?

$$3.7 \cdot 10^{-6} = \frac{6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot (200)^2}{r^2} \rightarrow r = 0.85 \text{ m}$$

7) What is the gravitational force on a 70.0 kg object standing on the Earth's surface?

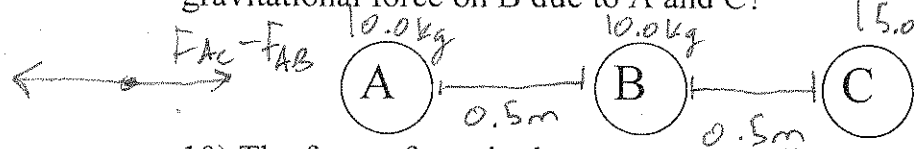
$$F_g = \frac{6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 70 \cdot 5.98 \cdot 10^{24}}{(6.37 \cdot 10^6)^2} = 686 \text{ N}$$

8) Three 10.0 kg objects are placed in a straight line $5.00 \cdot 10^{-1} \text{ m}$ apart. What is the net gravitational force on the center object due to the other two objects?



Net = 0 N since it is balanced (0N)

9) Three objects A, B, and C are placed 0.50 m apart along a straight line. A and B have masses of 10.0 kg and C has a mass of 15.0 kg, what is the net gravitational force on B due to A and C?



$$F_{gAB} = \frac{6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 10 \cdot 10}{(0.5)^2} = 2.668 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ N}$$
$$F_{gBC} = \frac{6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 10 \cdot 15}{(0.5)^2} = 4.00 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ N}$$

10) The force of gravity between two small masses A and B when placed very near each other is $3.24 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ N}$. What will the force between these objects be if both of their masses are doubled and the distance between them is tripled?

$$\frac{4}{9} \cdot 3.24 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ N} = \frac{G \cdot (2m_1) \cdot (2m_2)}{(3r)^2} = 1.44 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ N}$$

$$F_a = 1.44 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ N}$$